

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An image processing apparatus comprising:
 - first converting means for generating conversion coefficients of M values by converting input image data by a first system;
 - second converting means for generating conversion coefficients of N values ($M > N$) by converting the input image data by a second system;
 - input means for selectively inputting said conversion coefficients of said M values or said conversion coefficients of said N values; and
 - output means for outputting first information showing a position where a significant conversion coefficient exists in a block constructed by either ones of said conversion coefficients inputted by said input means and second information showing said significant conversion coefficient.
2. An apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising entropy encoding means for mixedly entropy encoding the first information and the second information outputted from said output means.
3. An apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising discriminating means for discriminating whether the input image data should be converted by said first converting means or should be converted by

said second converting means and for allowing said first or second converting means to selectively supply said input image data.

5 4. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said first converting means executes a wavelet conversion.

10 5. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said second converting means executes a prediction encoding.

15 6. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said output means compares a predetermined threshold value with each conversion coefficient in said block, thereby deciding the significant conversion coefficient.

20 7. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said significant conversion coefficient has a value within a range of a predetermined threshold value.

25 8. An apparatus according to claim 7, wherein a lower limit value of said threshold value has been predetermined.

25 9. An apparatus according to claim 4, wherein an output of said output means is executed every different frequency band which is obtained by performing said wavelet conversion.

10. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein
after the first information and the second information
which can decode an image of a low resolution were
outputted, said output means outputs the first
5 information and the second information which can decode
an image of a high resolution.

11. An image processing method comprising:
a first converting step of generating conversion
10 coefficients of M values by converting input image data
by a first system;
a second converting step of generating conversion
coefficients of N values ($M > N$) by converting the
input image data by a second system;
15 an inputting step of selectively inputting said
conversion coefficients of said M values or said
conversion coefficients of said N values; and
an outputting step of outputting first information
showing a position where a significant conversion
20 coefficient exists in a block constructed by either
ones of said conversion coefficients inputted by said
inputting step and second information showing said
significant conversion coefficient.

25 12. A storing medium in which an image processing
program has been stored in a state where said program
can be read out from a computer, wherein said image

processing program comprises:

a first converting step of generating conversion coefficients of M values by converting input image data by a first system;

5 a second converting step of generating conversion coefficients of N values ($M > N$) by converting the input image data by a second system;

10 an inputting step of selectively inputting said conversion coefficients of said M values or said conversion coefficients of said N values; and

15 an outputting step of outputting first information showing a position where a significant conversion coefficient exists in a block constructed by either ones of said conversion coefficients inputted by said inputting step and second information showing said significant conversion coefficient.

13. An image processing apparatus comprising:

20 output means for outputting division information showing whether each of a plurality of blocks including an encoding subject block has further been divided into a plurality of blocks or not; and

25 entropy encoding means for entropy encoding the division information corresponding to said encoding subject block on the basis of a presumption probability according to a division situation of a neighboring block of said encoding subject block.

14. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein
said entropy encoding is an arithmetic encoding.

15. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein
5 said output means includes dividing means for further
dividing said encoding subject block into a plurality
of blocks.

16. An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein
10 said dividing means decides whether said encoding
subject block is divided or not in accordance with a
result of discrimination about whether a significant
coefficient exists in said encoding subject block or
not.

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17. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein
said encoding subject block is constructed by a
plurality of coefficients and each of said coefficients
is a binary value.

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18. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein
said encoding subject block is constructed by a
plurality of coefficients and each of said coefficients
is a multivalue.

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19. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein
said encoding subject block is one of a plurality of

blocks obtained by dividing an initial block at least one or more times.

20. An apparatus according to claim 19, wherein said
5 neighboring block is included in said initial block.

21. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said plurality of blocks construct one of subbands derived after completion of a wavelet conversion.

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22. An image processing method comprising:
an outputting step of outputting division information showing whether each of a plurality of blocks including an encoding subject block has further
15 been divided into a plurality of blocks or not; and
an entropy encoding step of entropy encoding the division information corresponding to said encoding subject block on the basis of a presumption probability according to a division situation of a neighboring
20 block of said encoding subject block.

23. A storing medium in which an image processing program has been stored in a state where said program can be read out from a computer, wherein said image
25 processing program comprises:

an outputting step of outputting division information showing whether each of a plurality of

blocks including an encoding subject block has further been divided into a plurality of blocks or not; and an entropy encoding step of entropy encoding the division information corresponding to said encoding subject block on the basis of a presumption probability according to a division situation of a neighboring block of said encoding subject block.